

## CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A thermodynamic oil and gas recovery system that ~~may~~ simultaneously ~~inject~~ injects thermodynamically treated fluids into an oil and gas well for uninterrupted production from said well during well maintenance.
2. (Original) The recovery system ~~[[in]]~~ of claim 1 wherein the frequency of lift gas injection is controlled by wellhead pressure.
3. (Currently Amended) A thermodynamic lift gas injection unit that ~~may inject~~ injects thermodynamically treated fluids for recovering oil and gas from a well controlled by wellhead gas pressure.
4. (Original) The unit ~~[[in]]~~ of claim 3 wherein said lift is pulse lift.
5. (Currently Amended) A thermodynamic lift gas injection unit that ~~may~~ simultaneously ~~inject~~ injects thermodynamically treated fluids into an oil and gas well without interrupting production.
6. (Currently Amended) A thermodynamic lift gas oil and gas recovery unit controlled by wellhead pressure that ~~may~~ ~~[[for]]~~ simultaneously ~~inject~~ injects thermodynamically treated fluids into an oil and gas well for well maintenance without interrupting production.
7. (Previously Presented) The recovery unit ~~[[in]]~~ of claim 6 wherein the compressed gasses in said thermodynamically treated fluids are gasses recovered from a subterranean reservoir by said oil and gas well.
8. (Previously Presented) The recovery unit ~~[[in]]~~ of claim 6 wherein the liquids in said thermodynamically treated fluids are liquids recovered from a subterranean reservoir by said oil and gas well.
9. (Original) The recovery unit ~~[[in]]~~ of claim 8 wherein said liquids may include saltwater.

10. (Original) The process of transferring heat generated by compressing gas to heat liquids and to cool gases being compressed, and injecting said liquids into an oil and gas well for well maintenance without interrupting the injection of cooled lift gas.

11. (Original) The process of claim 10 wherein said gas is natural gas recovered using said well, and the heated liquid injected into said well is crude oil recovered using said well, water, or a mixture thereof.

12. (Previously Presented) The process of simultaneously injecting thermodynamically treated fluids as lift gas and maintenance fluids for well maintenance into an oil and gas well.

13. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 12 where said lift gas is natural gas recovered using said well, and said maintenance fluids may include crude oil recovered using said well, water, or a mixture thereof.

14. (Previously Presented) The combined process of simultaneous well maintenance and oil and gas recovery from an oil and gas well wherein

the stroke frequencies of a gas compressor are controlled by the pressure of natural gas from said well,

heat generated by said compressor is transferred to fluids to be injected into said well, and

gas compressed by said compressor is simultaneously injected into said well with said fluids to lift liquids with or without heated liquids for well maintenance.

15. (Previously Presented) The thermodynamic recovery system of claim 1 wherein said thermodynamically treated fluids are heated, cooled and/or used for said production and well maintenance that includes:

a compressing means that includes:

at least two compression cylinders capable of compressing and pumping  
gasses mixed with contained liquids,  
at least one pump and  
a power supply,  
a power limit means for setting the volume displacements for each of said  
cylinders,  
a reservoir containing liquids and natural gas,  
said well,  
an output means capable of injecting gasses compressed in said compressing  
means into said reservoir as lift gas, at least a portion of which may be recovered natural  
gas from said reservoir,  
a separating means capable of separating said recovered natural gas and recovered  
liquids from said reservoir, and  
an input means capable of transferring at least part of said recovered natural gas  
into said compressing means as input gas with the density of said input gas determined at  
least in part by the composition, temperature and pressure of said natural gas in said  
reservoir and the plunging action therein.

16. (Previously Presented) The recovery system [[in]] of claim 15 wherein:

said well includes:

a well head,  
a casing extending from said well head into said liquids in said reservoir,  
a lifting chamber enclosed in said casing extending from said well head into said  
liquids, and  
an injection chamber enclosed in said lifting chamber extending from said well  
head into said liquids wherein said output means injects intermittent pulses of said lift gas  
through said well under the surface of said liquids in said reservoir and lifts at least a  
portion of said liquids with large bubbles of said lift gas, thereby creating said plunging  
action when said bubbles of said lift gas are released into said liquid,

17. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 16 with an external thermodynamic exchange means for heating maintenance liquids, which may include said recovered liquids, and an injection means capable of injecting said maintenance liquids into said well for well maintenance and storing production fluids without interrupting production.

18. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 17 wherein said external thermodynamic exchange means is said compression means immersed in a separator.

19. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 16 wherein said density of said input gas influences the volumetric efficiency of each of said cylinders.

20. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 16 wherein the volumetric efficiencies of said cylinders determines the rate of injection of said lift gas and the size of said bubbles injected.

21. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 17 wherein said compressing means is a HEC and said lift gas and injection means are a BPU.

22. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 21 wherein said compressing means comprises a first compression chamber with a volumetric efficiency ranging up to at least 0.9328 and a second compression chamber with a volumetric efficiency ranging up to at least 0.9995.

23. (Previously Presented) The recovery system of claim 15 wherein said liquids include saltwater.

24. (Previously Presented) The thermodynamic injection unit of claim 3 wherein said thermodynamically treated fluids are heated, cooled and/or used for production and well maintenance that includes:

a compressor with at least two compression cylinders capable of compressing and pumping gasses mixed with liquids, and a switching device for limiting the volume displacements for each of said cylinders,

external and internal thermodynamic exchange means for cooling gasses during compression and heating liquids,

a separating means capable of separating recovered natural gas and recovered liquids.

an output means capable of injecting intermittent pulses of gasses compressed in said compressor into liquids in a subterranean reservoir as large bubbles of lift gas,

a lifting means capable of lifting said liquids with said large bubbles of said lift gas,

a recycling means capable of inputting at least part of said recovered natural gas into said compressor as input gas with the density of said input gas determined at least in part by the composition, temperature and pressure of natural gas in said reservoir and the plunging action therein, and

an injection means capable of injecting maintenance liquids, which may include said recovered liquids, for well maintenance without interrupting production.

25. (Previously Presented) The injection unit [[in]] of claim 24 wherein said compressor and said thermodynamic exchange means and said separating means are included in a HEC, and said output, lifting, injection, and recycling means are included in a BPU.

26. (Previously Presented) The injection unit [[in]] of claim 25 wherein said density of said input gas influences the volumetric efficiency of each of said cylinders.

27. (Previously Presented) The injection unit [[in]] of claim 26 wherein said volumetric efficiencies of said cylinders determines the rate of injection of said lift gas and the size of said bubbles injected.

28. (Previously Presented) The injection unit of claim 25 wherein compression in said compressor, injection by said output means, and lifting by said lifting means adapt to changing amounts of natural gas available to said unit.

29. (Previously Presented) The injection unit of claim 28 wherein said compressor and said injection and lifting means adapt by changing the size of said bubbles injected and rate of injection of said pulses.

30. (Previously Presented) The injection unit of claim 29 capable of slowly injecting very large pulsed bubbles of compressed gas with a lifting capacity up to at least ten to fifty cubic feet of liquids from said reservoir per pulse at a frequency in the range of two to ten pulses per minute.

31. (Previously Presented) The injection unit of claim 29 wherein said compression cylinders include a first compression chamber with a volumetric efficiency ranging up to at least 0.9328 and a second compression chamber with a volumetric efficiency ranging up to at least 0.9995.

32. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 12 which also includes:

compressing gas in a compressor capable of pumping liquids and gas,  
injecting at least a portion of said gas compressed in said compressor into a subterranean reservoir as lift gas,  
recovering a mixture of liquids and natural gas from said reservoir,  
separating said mixture,  
storing said liquids and any excess of said natural gas, and  
repeating the process by compressing said natural gas in said compressor as lift gas for the next injection.

33. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 32 wherein said gas compressed in the first compressing step of the initial process is natural gas from said reservoir.

34. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 32 wherein said lift gas is injected intermittently as large bubbles with plunging action.

35. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 34 wherein recovery from said reservoir adapts to changing amounts of said natural gas by changing the size of said bubbles injected and the frequency at which said process repeats.

36. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 34 wherein said compressor adapts to changing amounts of said natural gas by changing the size of said bubbles injected and the frequency at which said process repeats.

37. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 34 wherein injection in said injection step adapts to changing amounts of said natural gas available from said reservoir by changing the size of said bubbles injected and the frequency at which said process repeats.

38. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 34 wherein the frequency at which said process repeats is influenced by the density of said gasses compressed in said compressor and said plunging action.

39. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 34 wherein a HEC is used for the compressing steps, a BPU is used for the injection steps, and heated maintenance liquids may be injected simultaneously with said lift gas.

40. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 39 wherein said heated maintenance liquids may include water, said liquids, or a mixture thereof recovered from said reservoir.